



Russia + Baltic Three Countries Exquisite 9 Days Tour (Group of 6)

Product Code: **P-RUSSIE9D**

EUR 1399 / P.P.

Double Room


EUR 1699 / P.P.

Single room

Paris-Moscow-Sergeyev-St. Petersburg-Tallinn-Parnu-Riga-Lundel Palace-Trakai Castle-Vilnius Castle





Day 1 Paris → Moscow

 Hotels near Moscow

Arrival in Moscow and transfer to the hotel for rest.

Day 2 Moscow city tour

 Hotels near Moscow

 Breakfast

After breakfast, visit downtown of Moscow.

【Red Square】: is a city square in Moscow, Russia. It separates the Kremlin, the former royal citadel and now the official residence of the President of Russia, from a historic merchant quarter known as Kitai-gorod. The square was meant to serve as Moscow's main marketplace. It was also the site of various public ceremonies and proclamations, and occasionally a coronation for Russia's Tsars would take place. The square has been gradually built up since that point and has been used for official ceremonies by all Russian governments since it was established.

【Moscow Metro Stations】: The Russian city's metro stations are architectural stunners, perhaps even the most beautiful in the world. The stations are so exquisite, they look like luxurious great halls rather than entrances into an underground transportation network. Every single station is different. Colorful mosaics and stained-glass windows adorn the walls of some, while glowing chandeliers dangle from the ceilings of others.

【Moscow State University】: is a coeducational and public research university located in Moscow, Russia. It was founded on 23 January 1755 by Mikhail Lomonosov. During the Soviet period, MSU was renamed after Lomonosov in 1940 and was then known as Lomonosov University.

【Colline des moineaux】: formerly known as Lenin Hills between 1935 and 1999, is a hill on the right bank of the Moskva River and one of the highest points in Moscow, reaching a height of 80m above the river level.

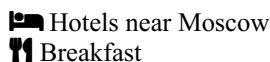
Pick up

Include

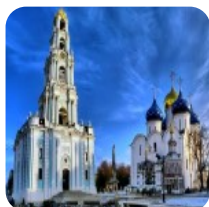
- 1. International round-trip air ticket to Paris
- 2. Tour bus during the trip
- 3. Moscow-St. Petersburg high-speed rail second-class train ticket (one way)
- 4. St. Petersburg-Tallinn luxury international coach (one way)
- 5. 8 nights 3-4 star hotel standard room accommodation, including continental breakfast
- 6. Hotel breakfast, lunch and dinner are subject to schedule
- 7. Admission tickets for attractions: Palace of the Palace, Winter Palace, Summer Palace Gardens, Holy Trinity Church
- 8. Chinese tour guide service
- 9. Russian tourist visa
- 10. Special price for children: 2 adults with a child under 6 years old sharing a double room, children can enjoy 30% discount off the bed. Children occupy the same bed as adults. One adult



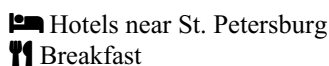
Day 3 **Moscow → Sergeyev → Moscow**



After breakfast, visit the city of Sergeyev on the outskirts of Moscow. Visit [Sergius Trinity Monastery], [Trinity Cathedral], [Church of Our Lady of the Assumption] and [Trabetsnava cathedral].



Day 4 Moscow → Saint Petersburg



After breakfast, take a train to St. Petersburg and visit the city after arrival.

【The Bronze Horseman statue】: is an equestrian statue of Peter the Great in the Senate Square in Saint Petersburg, Russia. Commissioned by Catherine the Great, it was created by the French sculptor Étienne Maurice Falconet. The statue is now one of the symbols of Saint Petersburg. The statue's pedestal is the enormous Thunder Stone, the largest stone ever moved by humans. The stone originally weighed about 1500 tonnes, but was carved down during transportation to its current size.

【Admiralty building】 : is the former headquarters of the Admiralty Board and the Imperial Russian Navy in St. Petersburg, Russia and the current headquarters of the Russian Navy. The edifice was re-built in the nineteenth century to support the Tsar's maritime ambitions. The original design was a fortified shipyard which was later surrounded by five bastions and further protected by a moat.

【Saint Isaac's Cathedral】 : is a cathedral that currently functions as a museum in Saint Petersburg, Russia. It is dedicated to Saint Isaac of Dalmatia, a patron saint of Peter the Great, who had been born on the feast day of that saint. It was originally built as a cathedral but was turned into a museum by the Soviet government in 1931 and has remained a museum ever since.



brings one child, and the child is the same price as the adult.

Exclude

- 1. Additional costs due to force majeure reasons such as traffic delays, strikes, weather, aircraft, machine failures, flight cancellations or time changes.
- 2. Personal consumption in the hotel such as laundry, haircut, telephone, fax, pay TV, drinks, tobacco and alcohol.
- 3. Other items not included in the above "inclusive of costs".
- 4. Single room difference: 300 Euro / person
- 5. Self-funded items: Guests can choose whether to participate or not according to their wishes, and the tour guide will collect them uniformly.
- 6. Local specialties
- 7. Tipping from the director: 5 Euro / person-day


Attraction Tickets


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- old Town of Tallinn
- 【Parnu】
- Saint Peter's basilica
 - Adult € 9
 - Child EUR
- Château de Rundale
 - Adult € 8
 - Child EUR
- Vilnius Cathedral

Contact Us



Day 5 Saint Petersburg

 Hotels near St. Petersburg

 Breakfast

After breakfast, we will visit the Gulf of Finland, 30 kilometers from the St. Petersburg.

【Summer Palace of Peter the Great】: the first palace built in Saint Petersburg is not really a palace at all. It is simply a regular two-story stone house in which Peter the Great, the first Russian Emperor, spent the summer months. However, this house is the beginning of the glorious history of Petersburg palaces, which would soon match and even surpass the grandeur of Versailles, Buckingham Palace and other great palaces of the world.

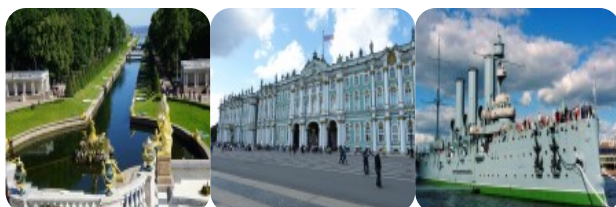
After lunch, return to St. Petersburg city to visit.


【Winter Palace】: former royal residence of the Russian tsars in St. Petersburg, on the Neva River. Several different palaces were constructed in the 18th century, with the fourth and final version built in 1754–62 by Baroque architect Bartolomeo Francesco Rastrelli; it was restored following a fire in 1837, though the destroyed interior was largely redesigned. Today anyone can visit the monument of history and architecture. The building in the city centre is part of the State Hermitage Museum Complex.

【Peter and Paul Fortress】(not enter the church): located on the smallest island in St. Petersburg (Zayachy Island), Peter and Paul Fortress was built to defend the city from naval attacks in the midst of Peter the Great's war with Sweden.


【Vasilievsky Island port lighthouse】: Vasilievsky Island is connected to the historic heart of St. Petersburg by Palace Bridge. The main attraction of the island is the 'strelka' (spit) which has brilliant views of Peter and Paul Fortress, the Hermitage and St. Isaac's Cathedral.

【Aurora Cruiser】: played an important role in the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917. The cruiser Aurora was built between 1897 and 1900 by the "New Admiralty" in St. Petersburg and joined Russia's Baltic fleet in 1903. Aurora survived the Battle of Tsushima and was interned under US protection in the Philippines, and eventually returned to the Baltic Fleet.



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Day 6 St. Petersburg → Tallinn

 Hotels near Tallinn

 Breakfast

A city tour after breakfast.

【Church of the Savior on Spilled Blood】: The Church of the Resurrection, also known as the "Savior on Spilled Blood", was built in memory of Alexander II who was assassinated in 1881. The Cathedral of the Savior on Spilled Blood attracts people with its five onion-domes exuberantly decorated and covered with jeweler's enamel.


【La Perspective Nevski】: It is the busiest and busiest street in St. Petersburg, gathering the city's largest bookstore, food store, largest department store, and most expensive shopping center. You can also admire various churches, former residences of celebrities, and historical sites.


In the afternoon, head to St. Petersburg Coach Station and take the Baltic LUX coach to Tallinn, the capital of Estonia.

Arrive in Tallinn and transfer to hotel.



Day 7 Tallinn → Pärnu → Riga

 Hotels near Riga

 Breakfast

A city tour after breakfast.

【Old Town Tallinn】: the best preserved medieval city in Northern Europe boasting Gothic spires, winding cobblestone streets and enchanting architecture. Unlike many other capital cities in Europe, Tallinn has managed to wholly preserve its structure of medieval and Hanseatic origin. Due to its exceptionally intact 13th century city plan, the Old Town was inscribed as a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1997, joining the ranks of the world's most recognised landmarks.

【St. Alexander Nevsky Cathedral】: is a Bulgarian Orthodox cathedral in Sofia, the capital of Bulgaria. Built in Neo-Byzantine style, it serves as the cathedral church of the Patriarch of Bulgaria and it is believed to be one of the top 50 largest Christian church buildings (by volume) in the world. It is one of Sofia's symbols and primary tourist attractions.

【Tallinn City Hall】: Completed by the Moscow 1980 Summer Olympics, the unique City Hall belongs in the list of objects protected under heritage conservation. The appearance of the fascinating complex brings to mind the ancient pyramids of the Mayans, as well as the old bastions surrounding Tallinn's Old Town dating from the Swedish rule.

After lunch, drive to Riga, Latvia's capital city.

【Pärnu】: is the biggest town in Estonia, almost as big as Berlin. This medieval city has an easygoing and romantic flair to it. Being largest resort in Estonia, Pärnu is also a home to a variety of spas from large water parks to more intimate and historical bath houses..

Arrive in Riga and transfer to hotel for rest after dinner.





old Town of Tallinn



【Pärnu】

Day 8 Riga → Rundale Palace → Trakai Island Castle → Vilnius

 Hotels near Vilnius

 Breakfast

Visit Old Town Riga after breakfast.

【Old Town Riga】: is a popular entertainment district in the historical and geographical center of the Latvian capital, featuring cobble-stone streets and an abundance of architectural gems.

【House of the Blackheads】: a venue for exhibitions, concerts and other events, is a landmark of Riga Old City and the Latvian capital's most magnificent edifice. House of the Blackheads was built in 1334 as a venue for meetings and banquets held by Riga's various public organizations. The building was destroyed by bombs in the Second World War but was fully rebuilt in 1999.

【Latvian National Theatre】: One of the greatest achievements in the



history of architecture and culture in Latvia. Built in 1918, it brought fresh blood to classical music and became the most famous cultural center.

【The Three Brothers】: The three historical houses in Old Town Riga built closely together have been called the Three Brothers for centuries – legend has it they had been built by three men of one family. The Three Brothers are the oldest medieval dwelling houses in Riga. In the medieval times, Maza Pils Street was located in the outskirts of Riga and craftsmen lived there. Today, the buildings that are several centuries old house the Latvian Museum of Architecture and the State Inspectorate for Heritage Protection.

【Saint Peter's Church】: Riga's St.Peter's Church dominates the cityscape as the tallest spire, and as one of the oldest and most valuable monumental architecture edifices in the Baltic States from the Middle Ages. St.Peter's is the tallest of the Riga churches, a significant landmark, and a prime example of the 13th century Gothic style.

After lunch, visit the Rundale Palace , 70 km away from Riga.

【Rundale Palace】: is one of the two major baroque palaces built for the Dukes of Courland in what is now Latvia, the other being Jelgava Palace. The palace was built in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768. The Rundale Palace is set amidst the fertile Zemgale Plains in the south of Latvia. Most of the interior decorations were created between 1765 and 1768 when a sculptor from Berlin Johann Michael Graff, and Italian painters from St. Petersburg Francesco Martini and Carlo Zucchi worked at the palace.

Head to Vilnius, capital of Lithuania, and visit Trakai Island Castle on the outskirts of Vilnius.

【Trakai Island Castle】: is an island castle located in Trakai, Lithuania, on an island in Lake Galvė. The construction of the stone castle was begun in the 14th century by Kęstutis, and around 1409 major works were completed by his son Vytautas the Great, who died in this castle in 1430. Trakai was one of the main centers of the Grand Duchy of Lithuania and the castle held great strategic importance.

After dinner, transfer to hotel for rest.



Saint Peter's basilica



Château de Rundale

Day 9 Vilnius → Paris

Breakfast

After breakfast, visit Vilnius.

【Vilnius Cathedral】 It is situated in Vilnius Old Town, just off Cathedral Square. Dedicated to Saints Stanislaus and Ladislaus, the church is the heart of Catholic spiritual life in Lithuania. The church was built in 1387-1388 and was the first Gothic wooden church to be restored afterwards.

【Saint Michael the Archangel Church】 is a former Roman Catholic church in Vilnius' Old Town, on the right bank of the Vilnia River. It now hosts the Church Heritage Museum.

【Old Town】 Visit St. Anna Church, St. Peter and Paul Church, Cathedral, University, Gate of Dawn.

Transfer to the airport and return to Paris.



Vilnius Cathedral



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